

EDURAC: A radiation tolerant frequency comb fiber laser for space applications

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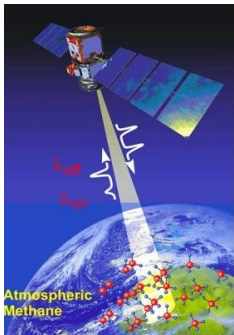
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INTesa
European Space Agency

Final Review with ESA, Oct. 11th 2022

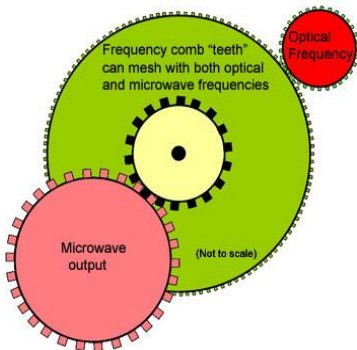


Why are we doing this? Spacecomb Applications

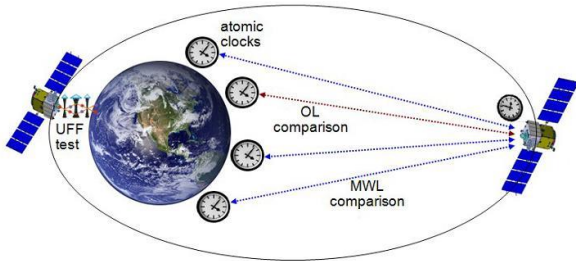


Atmospheric Trace Gas Detection „referenced LIDAR“

Optical Clocks & MW „photonic microwave generation“



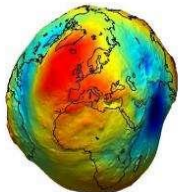
Fundamental Physics „spacetime“



Ranging for formation flying satellites „dual comb ranging“



Gravitational Potentials „gravitational redshift“



Reference & Time Distribution „optical clocks“

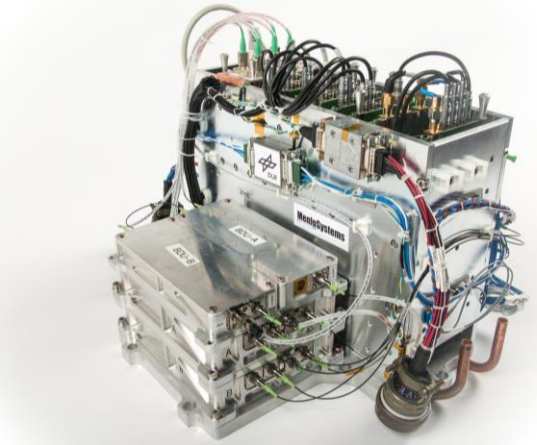


Combs are not yet qualified for space environment

Environmental Sensitivity of Lasers:

- Vacuum → not a fundamental problem
- Thermal cycling → requires thermal concept
- Vibrations → damp or stabilized them
- Lifetime → pump diodes, fiber components
- Radiation sensitivity → **in particular gain fibers**

In the past years Menlo Systems has demonstrated robust comb systems flying in experimental payloads on sounding rockets up to 280 km height

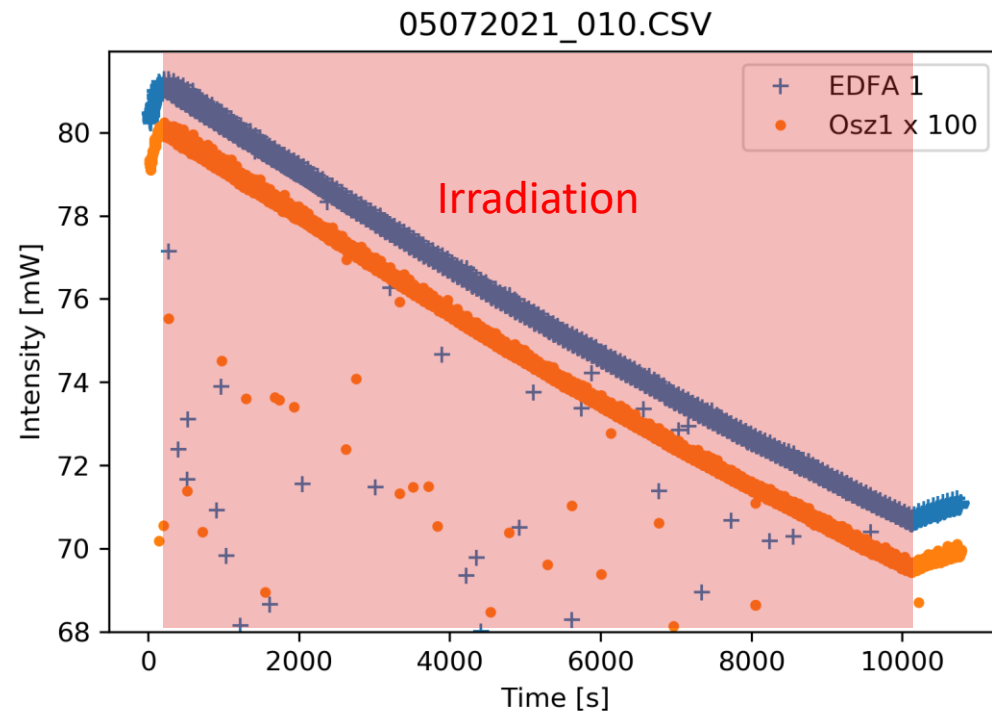


Dual Comb for Sounding Rocket

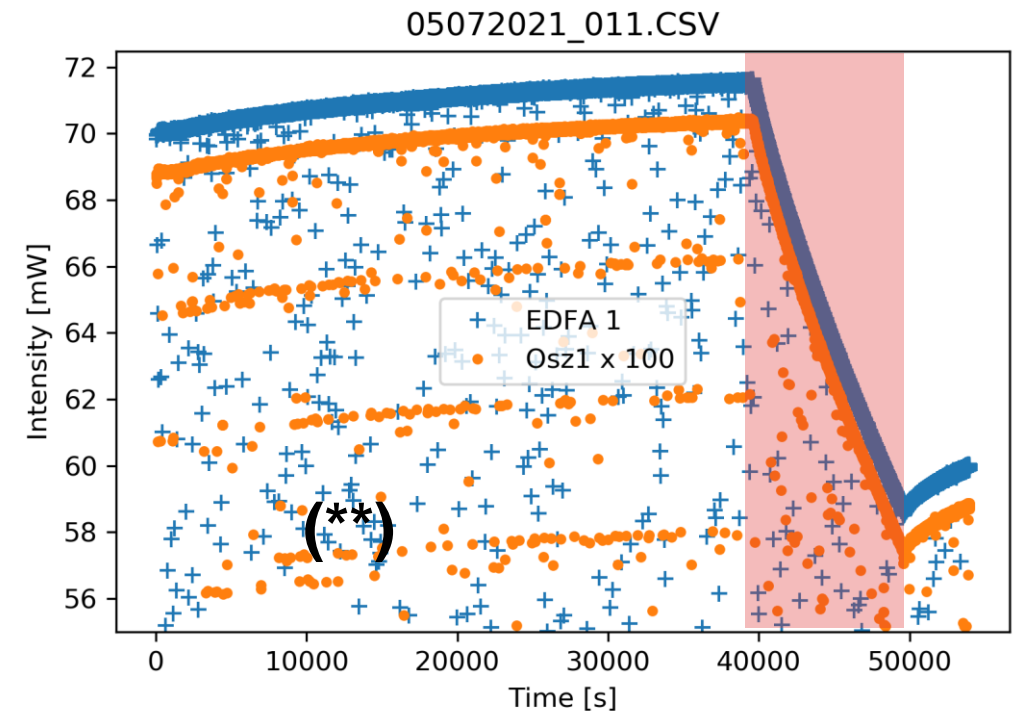


Single Comb for Sounding Rocket

Measured at INT under active laser operation
Laser power degradation is 0.6 dB at 100 Gy(*),
but significant recovery is possible



Irradiation at 10 mGy/s, 90% DC



10 hr recovery, then irradiation at 10 mGy/s, 10% DC

- (*) 1 year in mid-earth orbit accumulates about 100 Gy
- (**) Outlier dots are caused by laser on/off switching

Goals

1. Literature and requirements review
2. iXblue designs several generations of fiber with enhanced radiation tolerance, high gain, polarization maintaining, and low dispersion
3. Fibers are verified passive & active for function and robustness
4. Fiber oscillators are designed, manufactured and verified
5. Fiber amplifiers are designed, manufactured and verified
6. A fiber comb made from the fiber is designed, manufactured and verified
7. The comb is verified for radiation tolerance

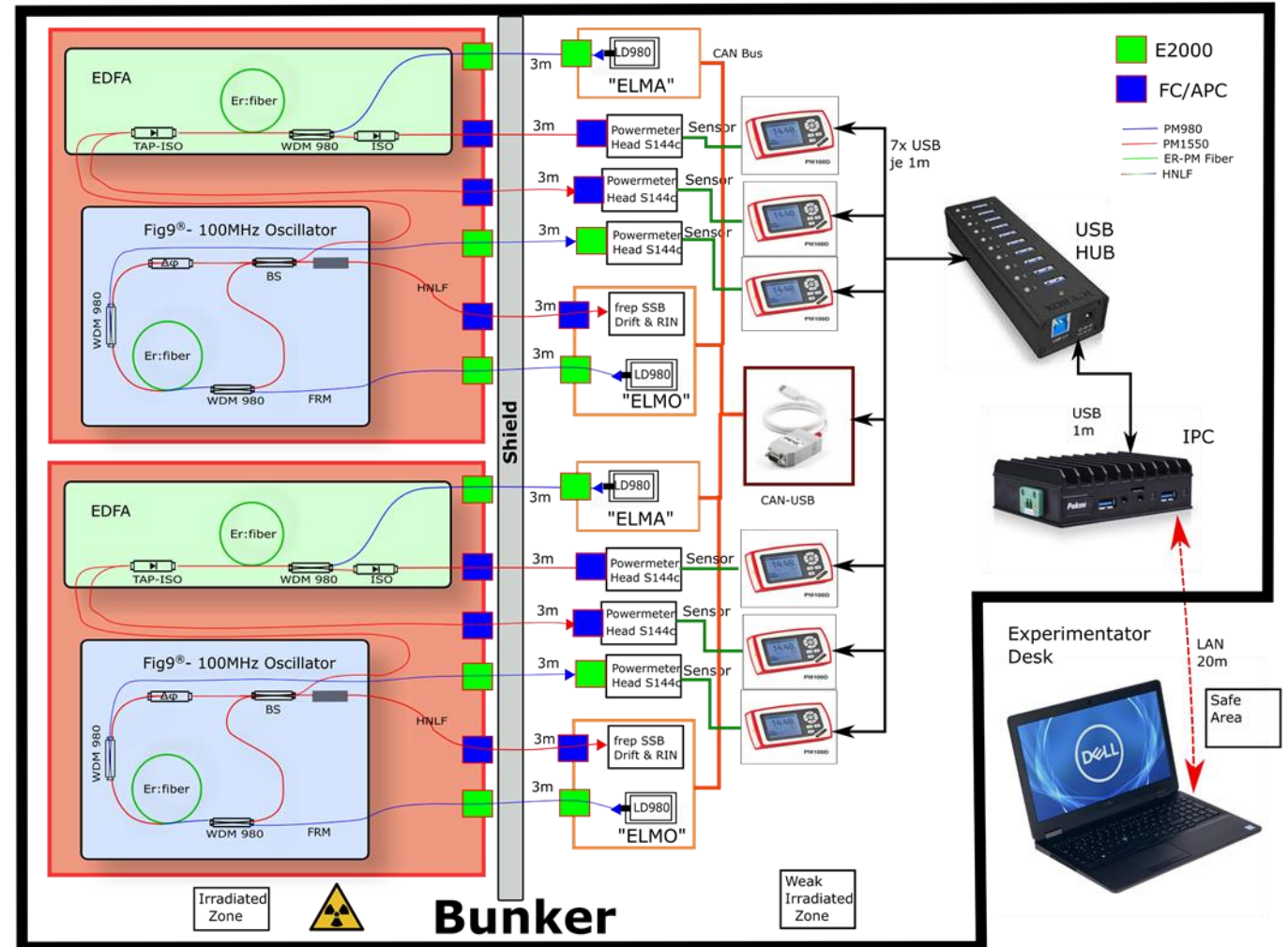
Controlled fiber parameters

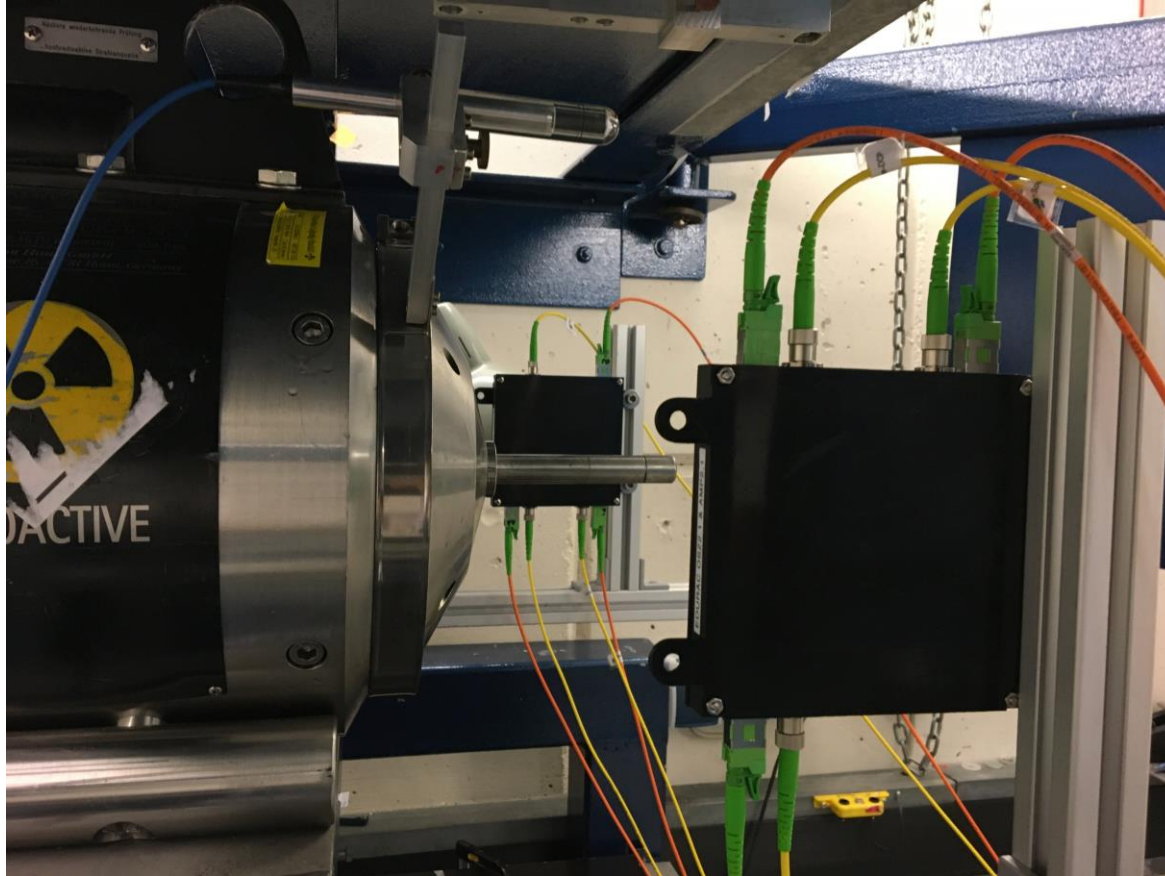
- Pump Absorption @ 980 nm
- Laser Absorption @ 1530 nm
- Mode field diameter @ 1550 nm
- Background losses
- Cladding Diameter
- Coating Diameter
- Proof test level
- Group Birefringence for PM
- Fiber Dispersion @ 1550 nm
- Splice Loss to PM15 and PM98
- Radiation induced absorption (RIA)
- Radiation induced gain variation (RIGV)

*Parameters in line with
requirement
for both generations*

Active fiber laser irradiation experiments

- Femtosecond fiber oscillators and EDFAs are placed simultaneously into the irradiated zone
- Lasers are switched on/off with selectable duty cycle (DC)
- Lasers are operated and monitored remotely
- Laser power is detected at different positions (3 Powermeters/Laser):
 - oscillator out (RIGV)
 - amplifier out (RIGV)
 - oscillator remaining pump power (RIA)

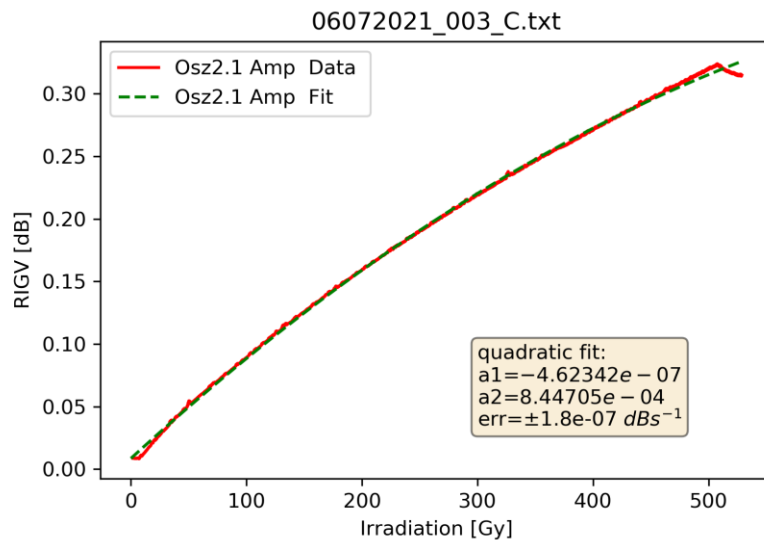




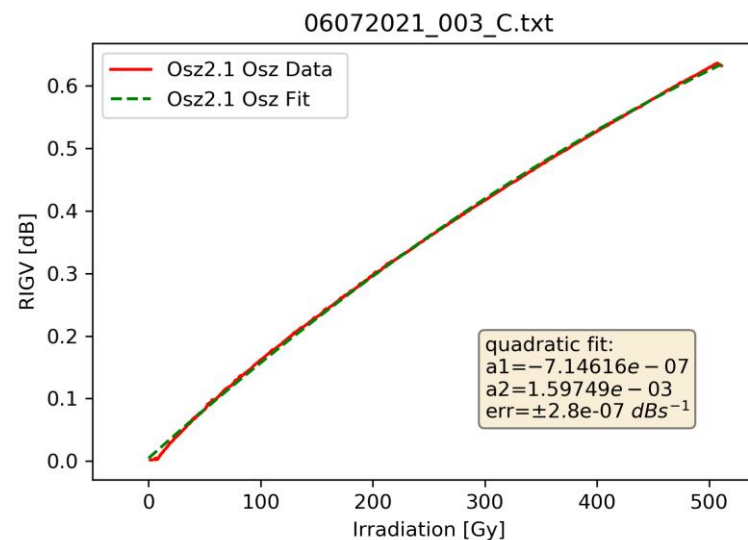
Laser Co₆₀ irradiation geometry

Laser controls behind lead shield

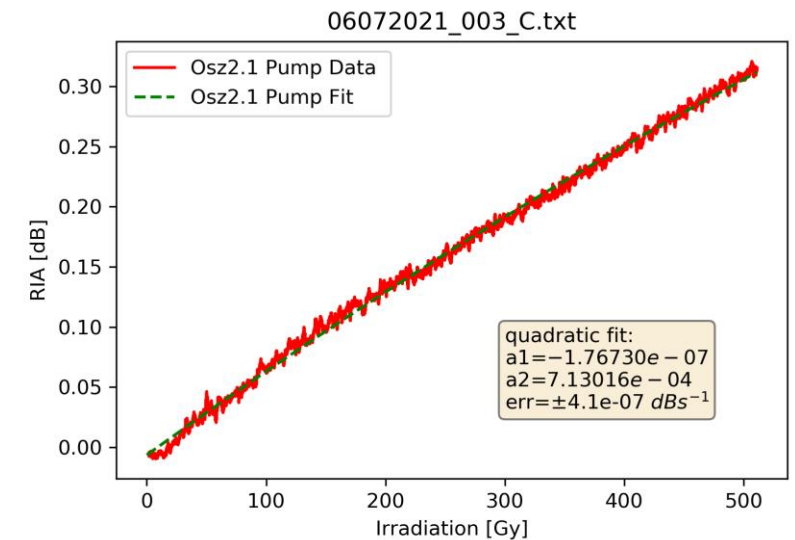
Radiation tolerant fiber laser using iXblue fibers.
Amplifier output loss is about 1/10 compared to standard fiber
Laser loses about 13% of output power after 1 kGy irradiation



Amplifier RIGV

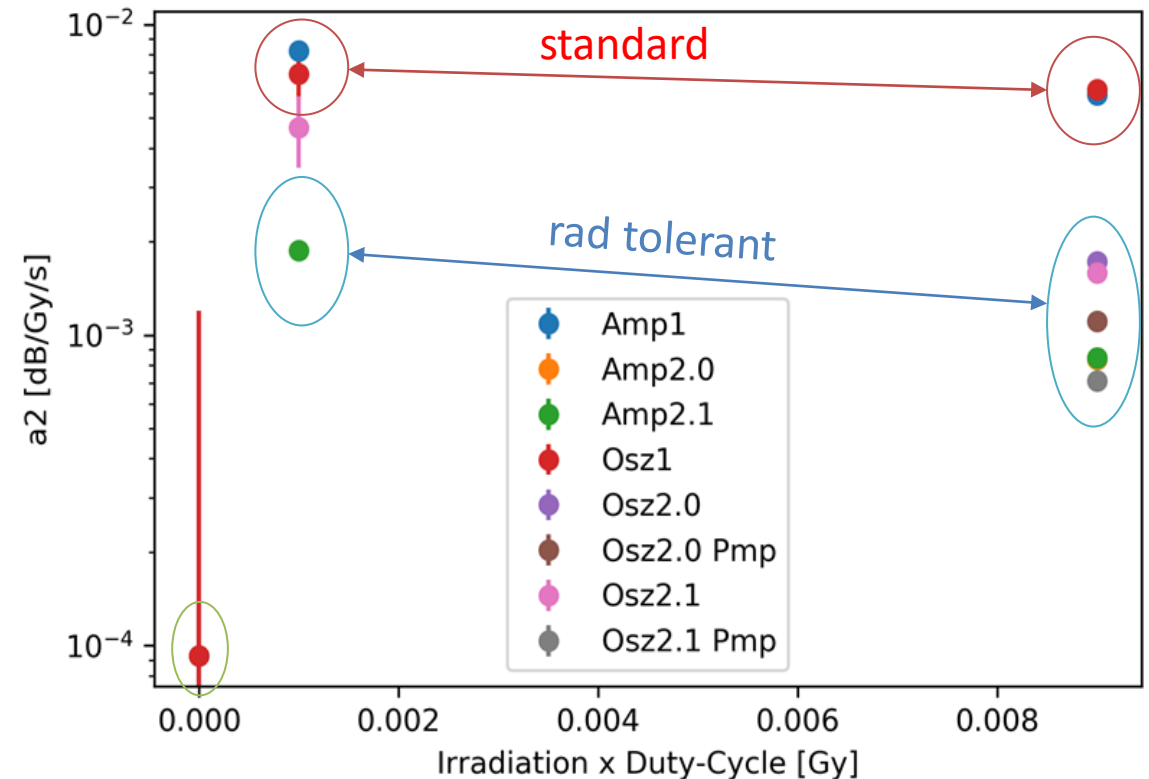


Oscillator RIGV



Oscillator Pump RIA

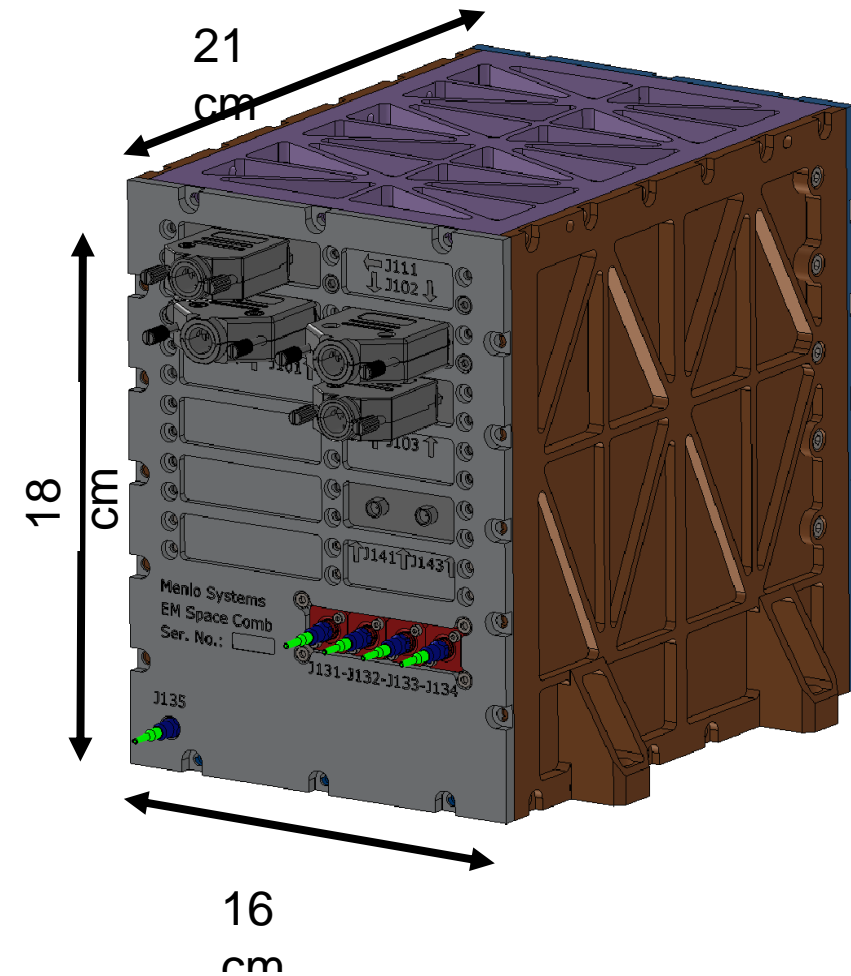
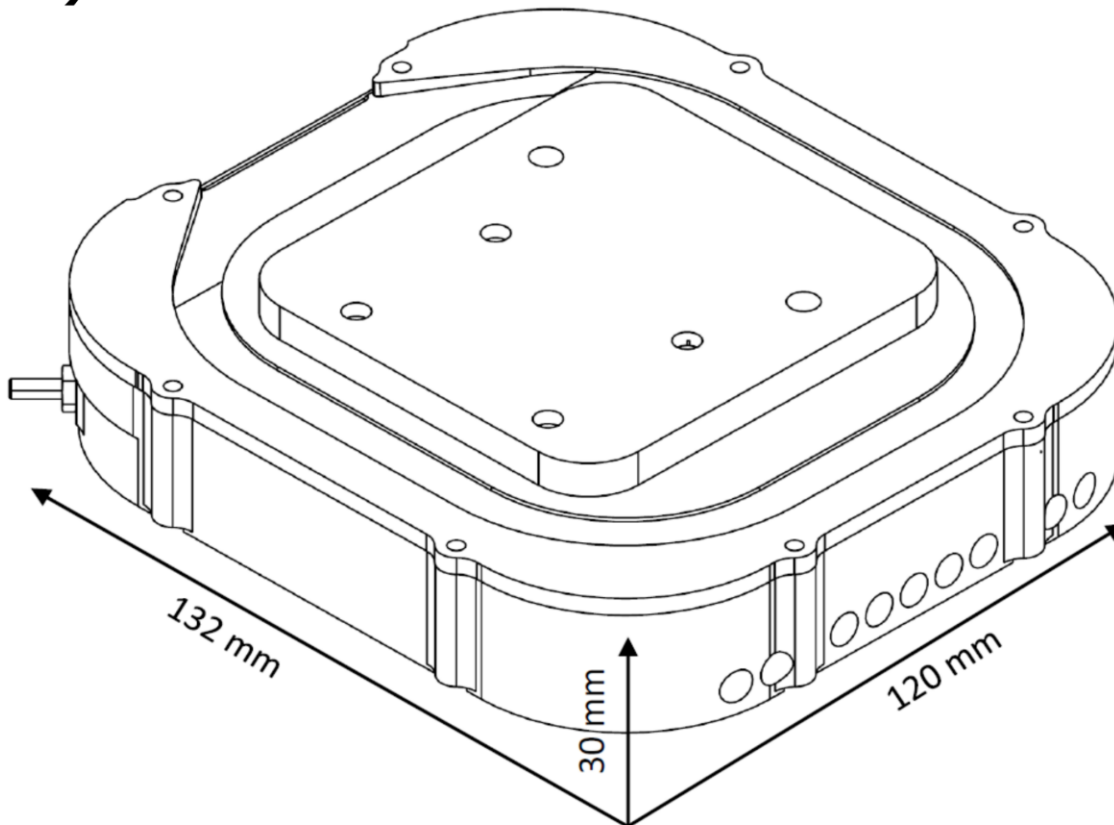
1. Fiber aging rate is 1/6 compared to standard fibers
2. Fiber ages less when active with higher DC
3. Rapid fiber recovery requires in-situ measurements
4. RIA and RIGV can be measured in active laser at the same time
5. Fiber oscillator starting behavior not always reproducible (possibly due to narrow coiling)



Goals

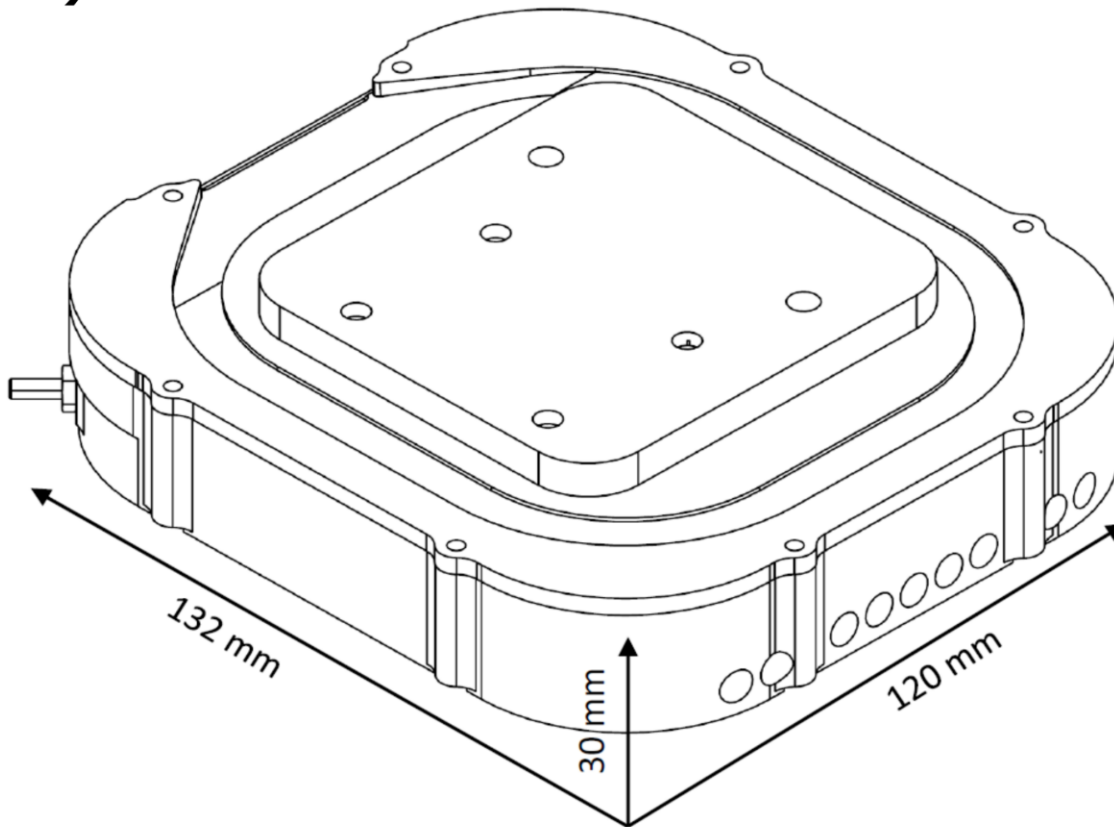
1. Fully functional comb fiber optics
2. 100 MHz in a compact package with fast actors
3. Amplifier for octave broadening
4. HNLF and waveguide doubling
5. Offset beat signal >35 dB above noise
6. Low phasenoise operation
7. Radiation tolerance

a)

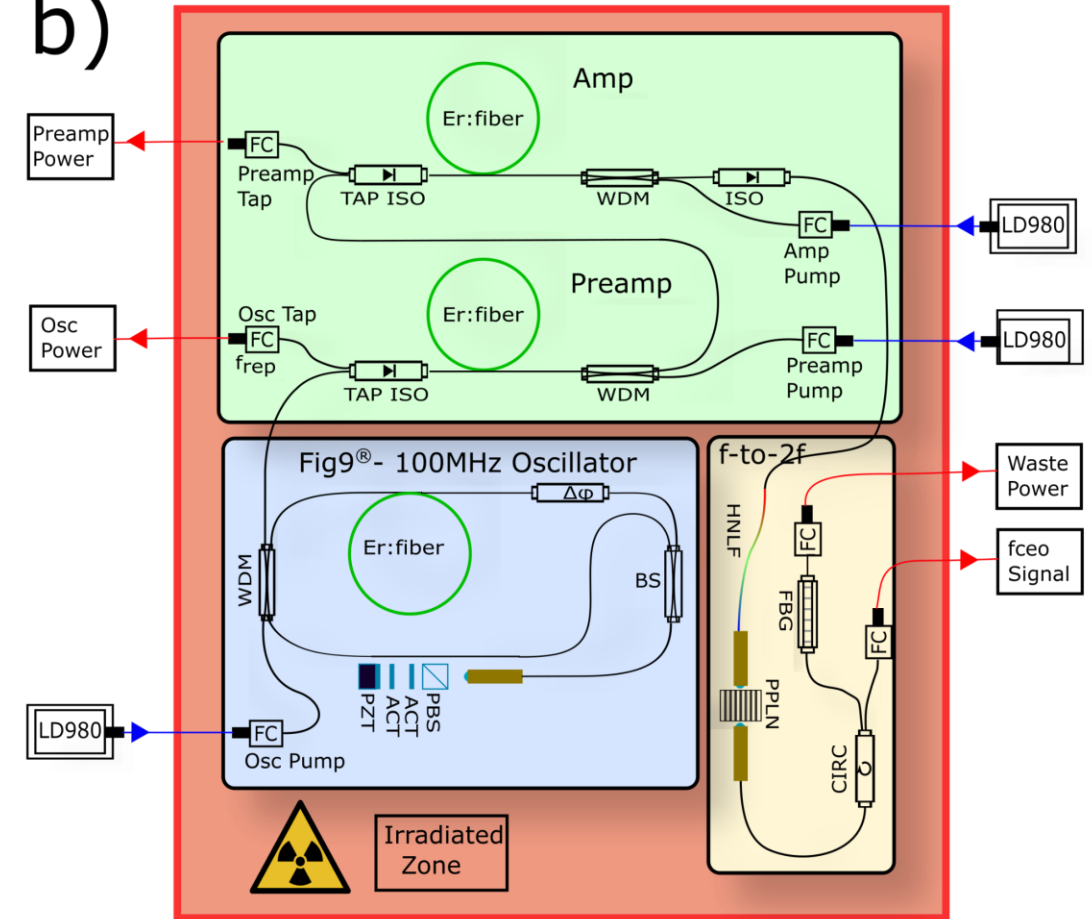


**Next generation space comb
for IOD project COMPASSO**

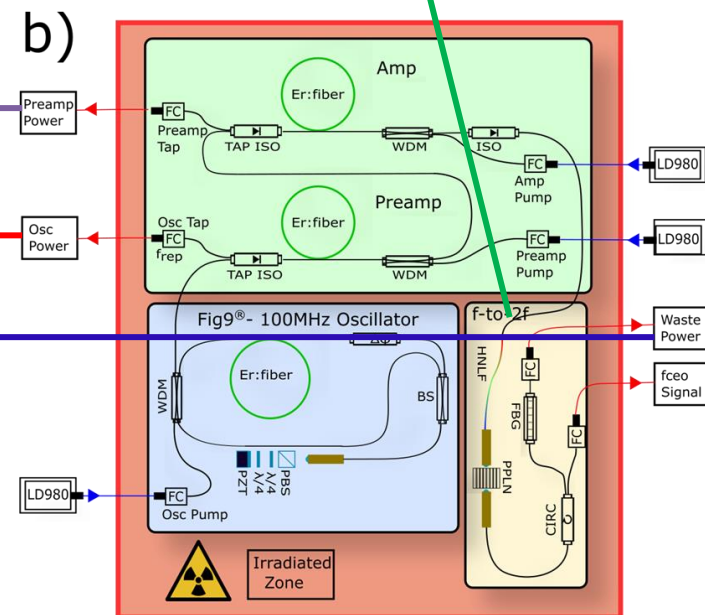
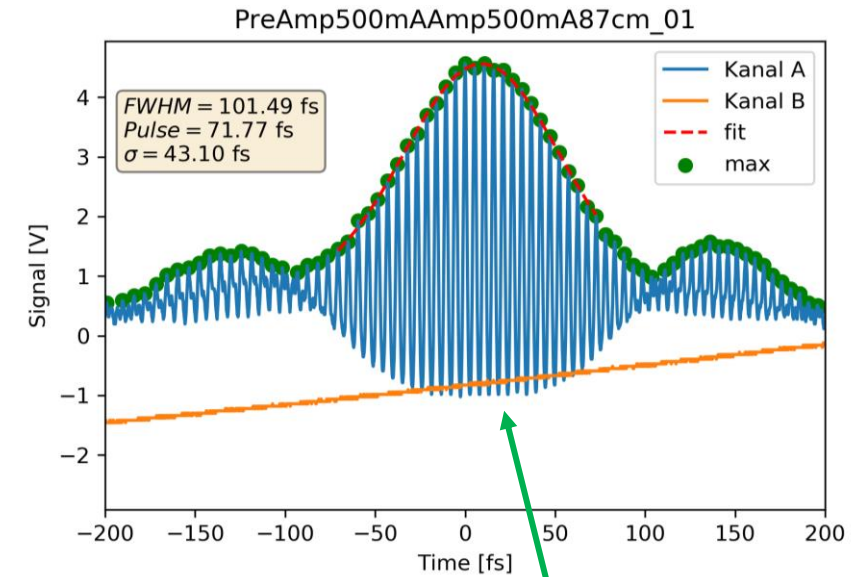
a)

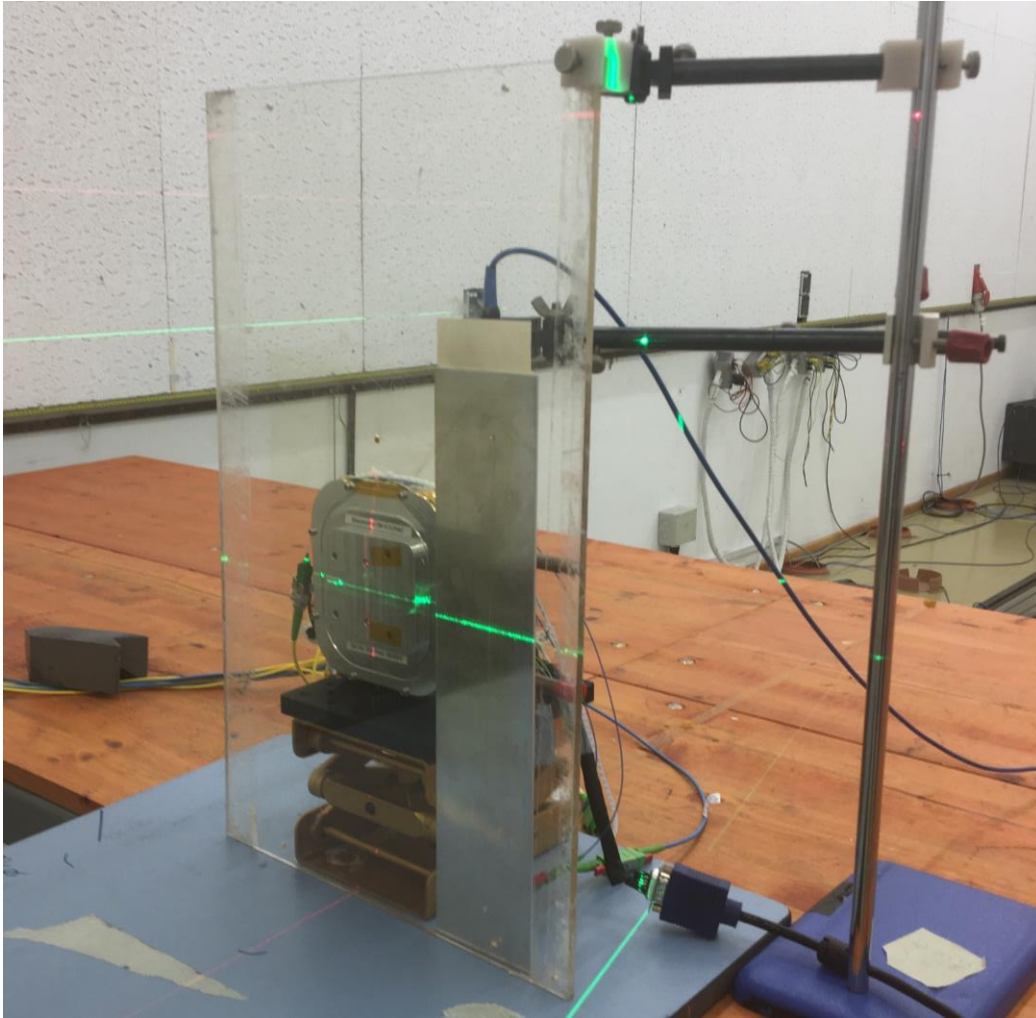


b)

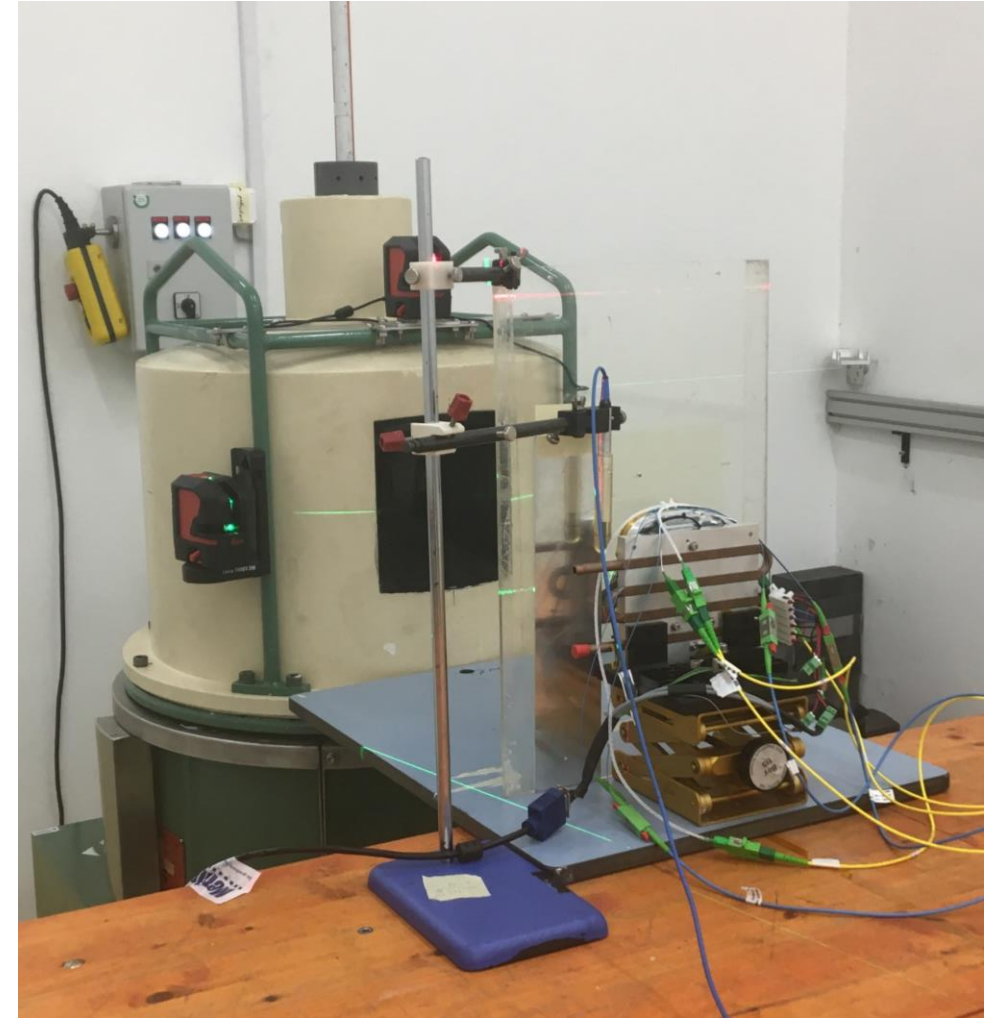


MenloSystems



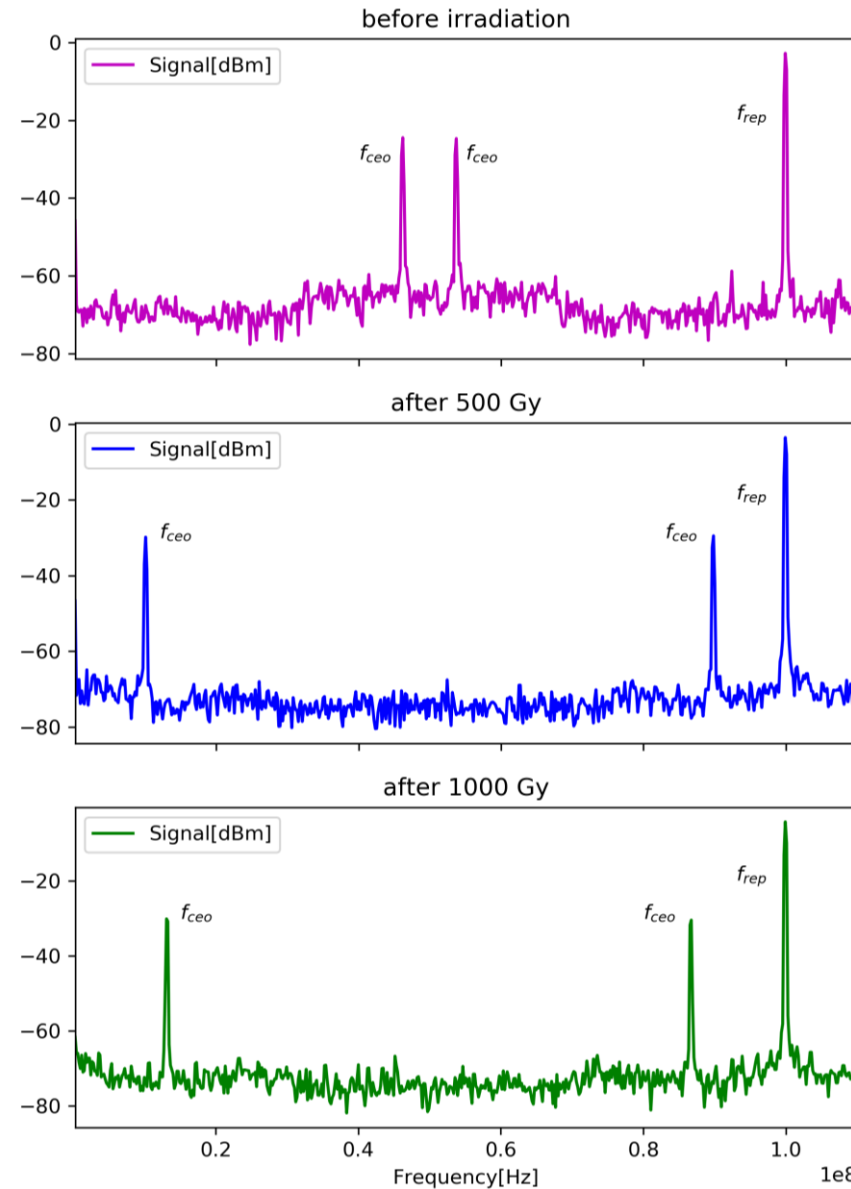
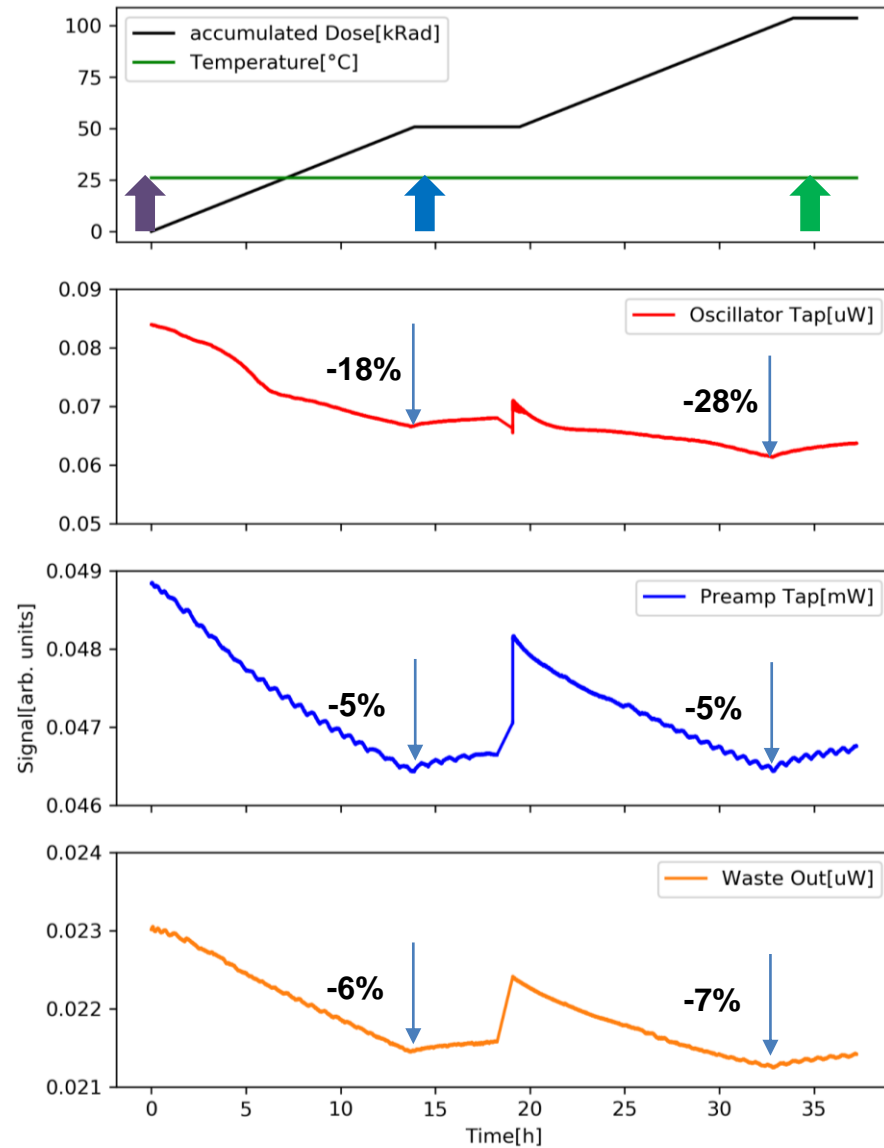


Laser Co₆₀ irradiation geometry

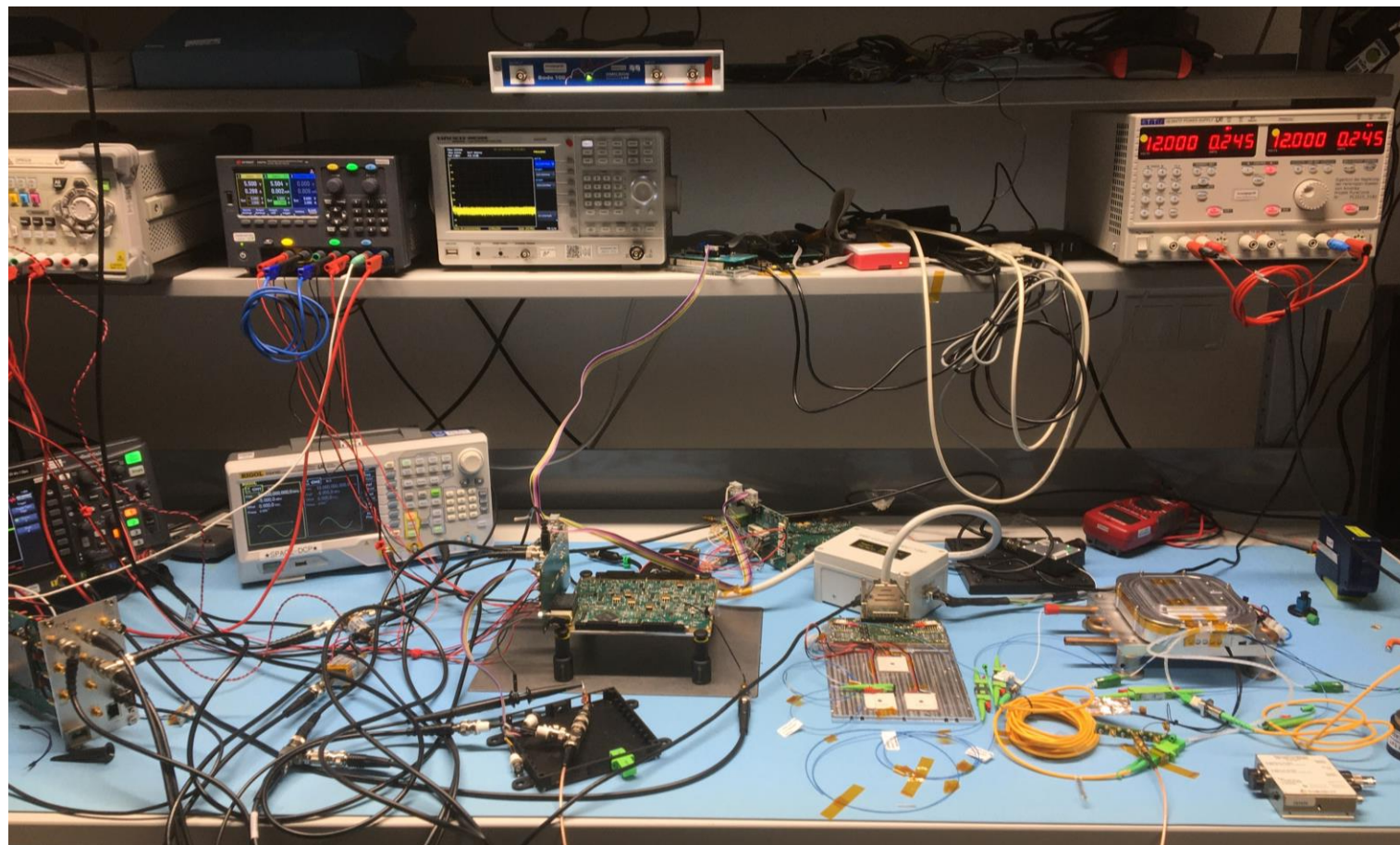
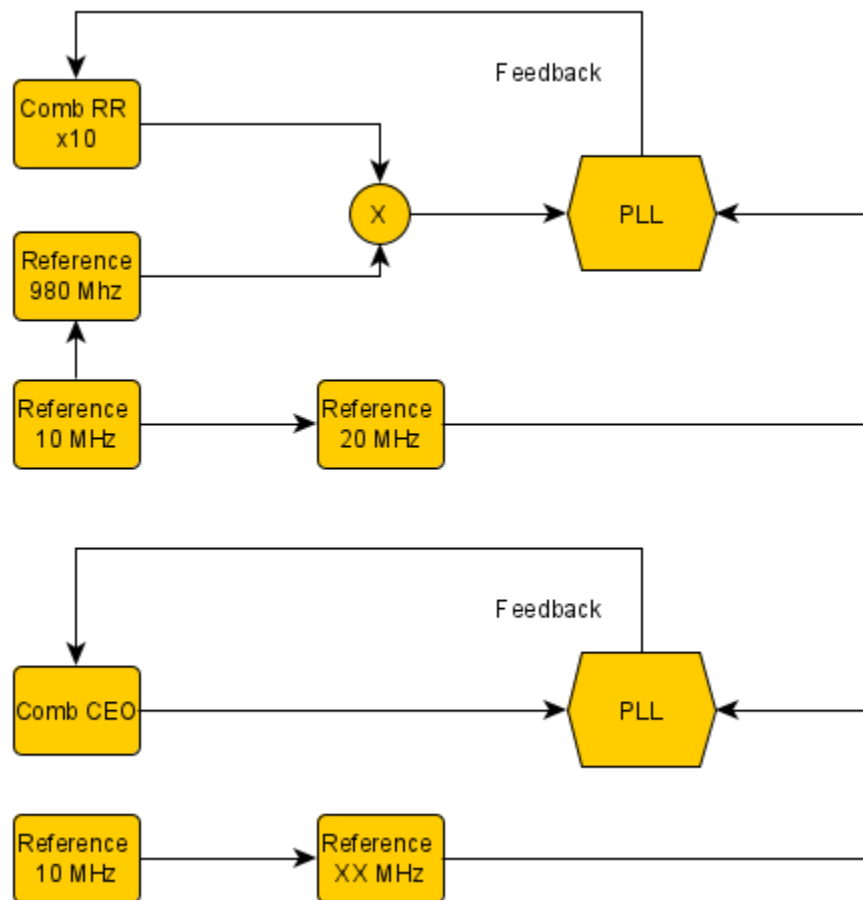


Co₆₀ source and the specimen

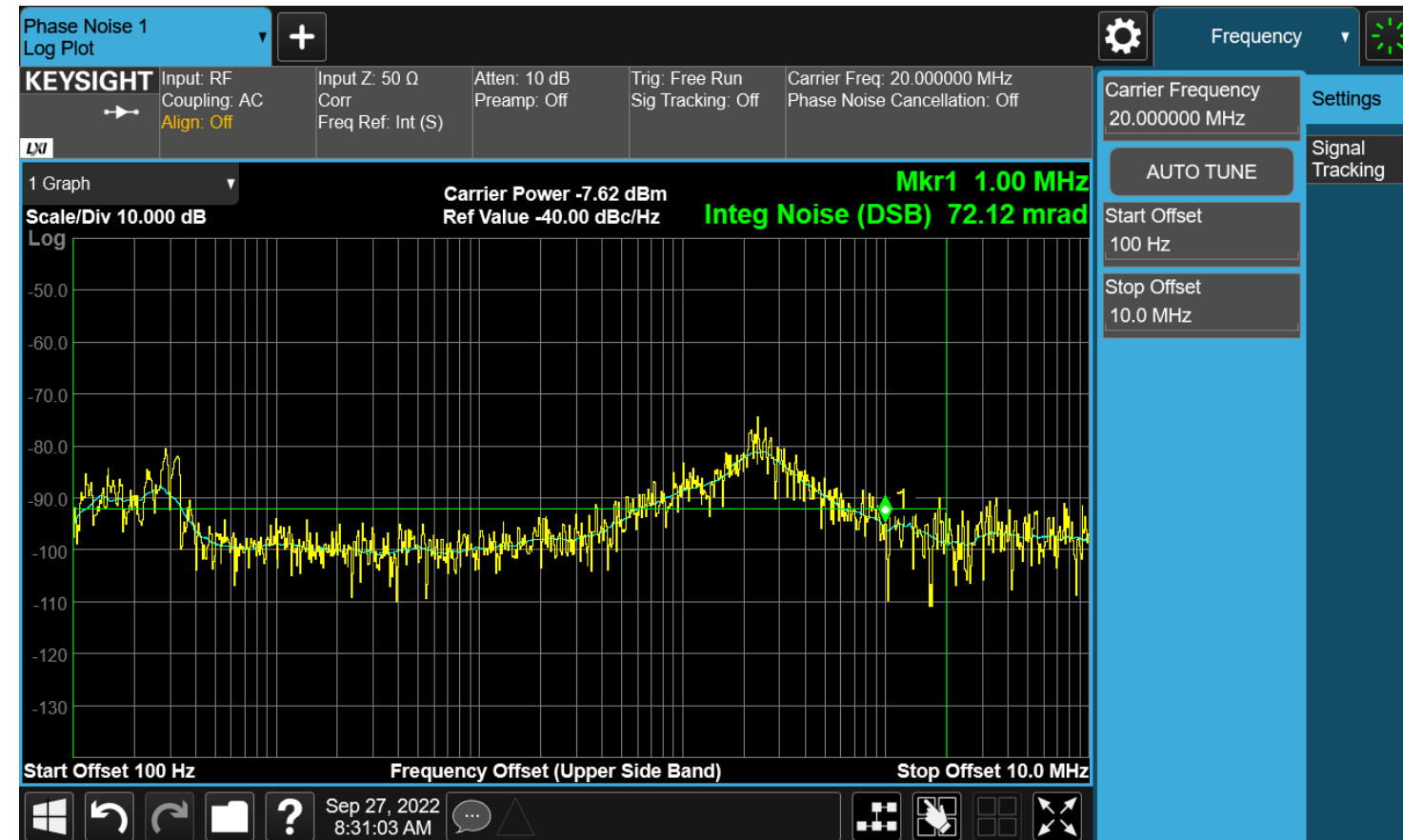
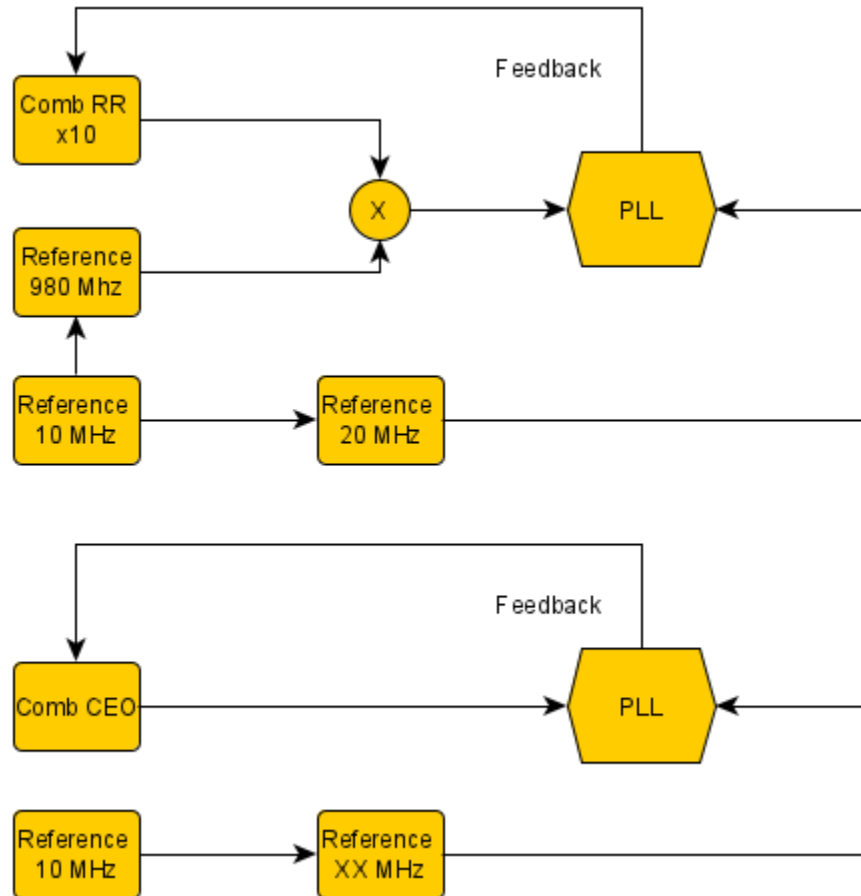
Fiber Comb Irradiation Experiment



**Signal
of comb
frequencies
is not
affected by
irradiation**



Phasenoise supports high quality optical clock beyond $1\text{E}-15$ accuracy



Phasenoise supports high quality optical clock beyond 1E-15 accuracy

Spacecomb Development



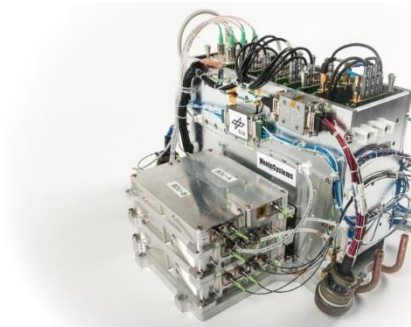
Laboratory Comb 2010

- Greatest Flexibility
- Highest Performance



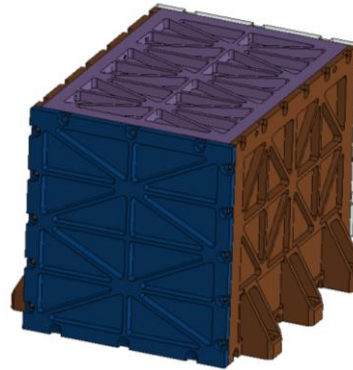
FOKUS I 2014

- 24 kg / 21 L / 90 W
- Robust & compact
- **Texus 51&53 flight 2015/16**



FOKUS II 2018

- 10 kg / 7 L / 50 W
- Dual Comb
- Vacuum compatible
- Ultra-Low-Noise actuator
- **Texus 54 flight 2018**



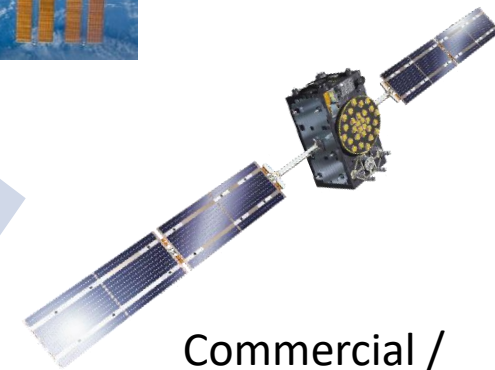
OPUS / ROSC 2018 - 2022

- Robust and compact system integration
- 7 kg / 6 L / 40 W
- Space suitable optics module
- Electronics prepared for qualification



COMPASSO IOV 2024+

- In-Orbit-Demonstration of an Iodine Clock on ISS



Commercial / Science Missions 2028+

- COMPASSO targets Galileo 2nd Generation

Project Manager's View

1. Project exceeded original duration by 33% (1 additional year of 2) ✓
2. Some reasons for delayed progress:
 - a) Technical problems in fiber engineering and amplifier design ✗
 - b) Restricted laboratory access due to Covid ✗
3. Project goals have been achieved ✓
4. Project cost stayed within budget (tbv) ✓

Engineer's View

1. Fiber requirements have been achieved ✓
2. Comb functionality has been achieved ✓
3. Radiation toleranced has been achieved ✓

Scientist's View

- 1. Radiation tolerant fiber laser and first RT fiber comb! ✓
- 2. In-situ measurement technologies for RIGV and RIA developed ✓
- 3. New split amplifier design developed ✓
- 4. New technologies for fiber dispersion design at iXblue ✓

Company View

- 1. Spacecomb Roadmap has been significantly advanced ✓
- 2. TRL of fiber optical frequency comb has been increased ✓
- 3. Our visibility to the space community has been improved ✓

Project Officer's View

- 1. ?

Documents delivered (Technical Data Package):

1. Review of Literature
2. Technical Requirements Review
3. Preliminary Test Plan
4. Optical Fiber Test Results 1&2 Generation
5. Oscillator Manufacturing Report 1&2 Generation
6. Amplifier Manufacturing Report 1&2 Generation
7. Manufacturing Report of Stabilized OFC
8. Test Results for Stabilized OFC
9. Technology Development Roadmap
10. Technical Data Package

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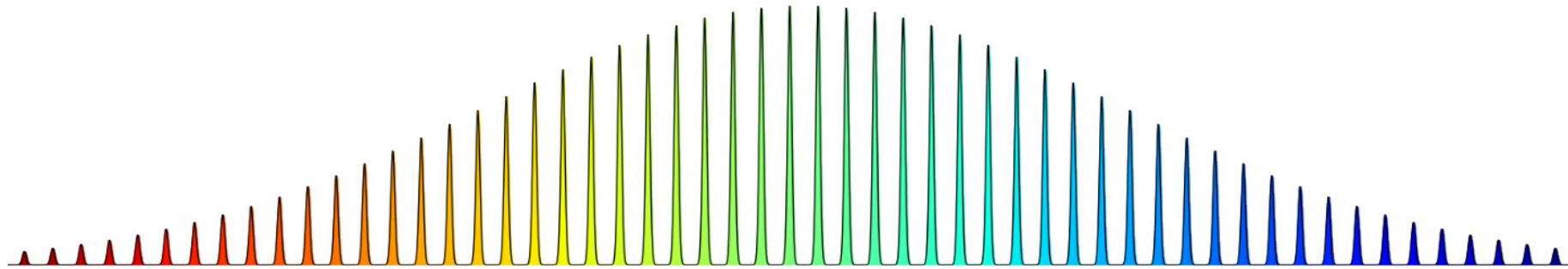
Pending Documents by 10/11/2022:

1. Final Presentation
2. Abstract
3. Brochure
4. Technology Achievement Summary
5. Summary Report
6. Executive Summary Report

Status

this file
prepared for review
missing template
template in the contract
tbd
tbd

Thank you for your time



Thanks to the collaborative efforts by

iXblue: G. Melin, B. Cadier, Th. Robin

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