

Technology Website Article Template

ANNEX 1 – ARTICLE HEADER INFORMATION

Official Activity Title:	Validated reliability based models for EoL operations				
Programme:	TRP		Achieved TRL: 3		
Reference:	TQQD-SOW- 013688		Closure: 2021		
Contractor(s):	Thales Alenia Space (FR)				
Contract Number:	4000129786/20/NL/AR				
Further TRL info:	Initial:	2		Target:	3
Budget (incl. CCNs):	ESA:	400 k€		Co-funded:	o k€
Competence Domain:	All since PA/QA/Safety				
Technology Domain:	TD25 Quality, Dependability and Safety				
Service Domain:	All SDs				
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ANNEX 2 – ARTICLE

Article	
Background and justification	Spacecraft that survive their nominal mission lifetime are generally proposed for a mission extension to maximize their return on investment. The current criteria supporting mission
Max. 75 words	extension decision, are mainly based on consumables (e.g. remaining propellant) and basic operational considerations. Nowadays there is an ever increasing pressure to comply with Space Debris Mitigation regulations since the population of space debris is expected to grow, especially because of expected large constellations. Some improvements are therefore needed in order to be able to dispose the satellite in a reliable manner and especially at the right time.
Objectives Max. 75 words	The objectives were to develop, validate with in-orbit data and integrate improved reliability approaches enabling a more accurate quantitative risk assessment, as well as to define a concept of operation for the application of RAMS analyses and
	criteria for the EoL decision.
Achievements and status	A generic reliability model has been implemented in Excel in order to support/apply the following approaches: the Health Monitoring on real operating conditions (e.g. temperature), the update of the model according to current performance and
Max. 150 words	margins of units as well as the occurred failures; the return over experience; the prognostic and the Remaining Useful Lifetime (RUL) of units; and finally the enhanced risk assessment analyses. In addition, new RAMS criteria enabling a better risk-awareness decision on EoL of satellites have been evaluated and recommended: in particular a short term reliability criterion and some risk aspects.
Benefits Max. 50 words	The proposed approaches and tool allow for a better risk- awareness decision on the End of Life and could ideally lead to a high Post Mission Disposal success rate in the future. This has been demonstrated also via the practical and operational use of these RAMS approaches for the End of Life review of real missions
Next steps	Some future improvements are recommended for the gaps and promising approaches identified here. Among others to apply
Max. 50 words	these RAMS approaches on current and future satellites, to finalize the selection of the RAMS criteria, including their validation on previous/on-going missions; to further evaluate appropriate approaches for 'New Space' missions and constellations; and to further evaluate the prognostic approaches, and especially those based on data trend analysis which has been seen as very promising.

ANNEX 3 - PICTURES



ANNEX 4 – RELATED CONTENT

Related Content	
Related links:	Enter below any links related to this project, e.g. links to web pages outside the ESA portal. A short title for the hyperlink needs to be provided.